



OPEN LAB HOURS COURSE INFORMATION

Title: "Quality analyses in aquaculture"

Academic Year 2024/2025 Automn semester



Deadline for applications: 05/12/2024





Course information: Quality analyses in aquaculture

E	Evanthia Chatzoglou	echatzoglou@aua.gr	
Lecturer name &	Jolita Petkuvienė	jolita.petkuviene@ku.lt	
email	lvana Zubak Čižmek	izubak@unizd.hr	
C	Charalambos Chasos	c.chasos@frederick.ac.cy	
First day of the course	09 December 2024		
Last day of the course	13 December 2024		
Deadline for applications	05 December 2024		
Timetable of the synchronous classes	Every day from 10:00 to 13:00 (CET)		
Total hours (including autonomous work)	40h		
Assessment system	On line tests and exercises		
MODILITY	For mobility opportunities contact your University representative at: https://www.eu-conexus.eu/en/open-lab-hours/ by 30/11/2024		
Certification (ECTS (where applicable)	Certificate of completion		





Dates	Title of the course	Partner University		Lecturer
DAY 1 Monday, 09/12/24 10:00 to 13:00 (CET)	Water Quality Analysis	On site	On-line AUA FredU LRUniv UCV SETU UNIZD UROS UTCB	Jolita Petkuvienė Coastal Research and Planning Institute Klaipeda University

Fish health in open or RAS aquaculture is very sensitive to the changes of water quality (pH, oxygen, nitrogen form). pH increase may affect ammonium transformation to toxic ammonia and cause illness or even death of fish. During the EU-CONEXUS Open lab lecture "Water quality analysis" we will measure ammonium in water samples from different RAS aquaculture steps for contact activity and the analysis of importance of nitrogen forms and risk pathways will be done with remote students.

Learning outcomes of the course

- ✓ Understanding of the importance of water quality in aquaculture;
- ✓ Skilled in the spectrophotometric ammonium analysis (ISO 7150-1:1998);
- ✓ Assessment of risk ammonium value to fish.

DAY 2 Tuesday,	Fish and seafood	On site	On-line	Evanthia Chatzoglou
10/12/24	analyses part	AUA	FredU KU	Laboratory of Applied Hydrobiology
10:00 to 13:00 (CET)	1 (moisture, fat content)		LRUniv UCV SETU UNIZD UROS	Department of Animal Science Agricultural University of Athens
			UTCB	
DAY 3	Fish and	AUA	FredU KU	Evanthia Chatzoglou
Wednesday,	seafood analyses part		LRUniv UCV	Laboratory of Applied Hydrobiology
11/12/24	2 (ash, protein		SETU	
10:00 to 13:00 (CET)	content)		UNIZD UROS UTCB	Department of Animal Science Agricultural University of Athens

Monitoring the nutrient content of fish and fish feed aquafeed is essential to ensure optimal growth and health. Parameters include protein, lipids, ash, moisture, analyzed by physical and chemical methods These parameters are expressed as a percentage in the sample, and studying them provides valuable insights into evaluating the sensory quality and energy value of the fish. In summary, fish proximate composition analyses are essential for assessing the quality, nutritional value, energy content, product development, and food safety aspects of fish. During these two courses, experiments of moisture, ash, fat and





protein will be performed on-site, while the data from the experiment will be evaluated online.

<u>Learning outcomes of the course:</u>

- Recognizing the Significance of Proximate Composition in Assessing the Quality of Fish and fishfeed
- Familiarize with Analytical Techniques used to determine the proximate composition of fish feed and fish samples
- ✓ Interpretation of proximate composition results.
- Estimating the Significance of Diverse Values

DAY 4	Assessing environmental	On site	On-line	Ivana Zubak Čižmek
Thursday,	impact of	UNIZD	AUA	Department of Ecology, Agronomy
12/12/24	Aquaculture		FredU	and Aquaculture
10:00 to	by		KU LRUniv	
11:30 (CET)	macrofauna communities		UCV SETU UROS	University of Zadar
			UTCB	

To ensure responsible and environmentally sustainable aquaculture practices, the monitoring of macrofauna communities should be conducted in sites where aquaculture is present. One way of doing it is the analysis of video and photo material. By recording the present species on (or near) the seabed, we can detect the reductions in number of species and/or diversity and increased dominance of opportunistic species. In this Open Lab, students will analyze photo material from two sites, one close to the aquaculture facilities and one reference site with pristine conditions and try to observe differences in present species and their relative abundances.

Learning outcomes of the course:

- ✓ Understanding the importance of monitoring macrofauna in aquaculture for environmental sustainability.
- ✓ Identifying key species and their ecological roles.
- ✓ Distinguishing between opportunistic and healthy ecosystem indicators.
- ✓ Evaluating ecological consequences of reduced diversity and increased dominance of opportunistic species.
- ✓ Integrating principles from biology, ecology, environmental science, and technology.





DAY 5 Friday,	Aquaculture emissions	On site	On-line	Charalambos Chasos
13/12/24	footprint	FredU	AUA	Department of Machanian
11:30 to		KU UCV SETL		Department of Mechanical Engineering
13:00 (CET)			SETU UNIZD	Frederick University
			UROS	
			UTCB	

A low-carbon footprint in farmed seafood production is necessary, in order to achieve a sustainable food system. Aquaculture in the European Union (EU) is strictly regulated in terms of requirements for quality, health and the environment. To this end, it is required to provide methodologies and tools in order to assess the energy input into the aquaculture systems, and their contribution in the carbon dioxide emissions during the various stages of the systems' operation. The main objectives of the present course are firstly to present the current environmental legislation with emphasis in aquaculture, secondly to assess the impact of aquaculture on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide emissions and finally to provide guidelines on the mitigation of carbon dioxide emissions produced in aquaculture.

Learning outcomes of the course:

- ✓ List the EU initiatives and strategies for carbon emissions reduction and describe the contribution of each sector in carbon dioxide emissions.
- ✓ Comprehend the energy needs for aquaculture systems and quantify requirements for production, transport and processing during aquaculture activities
- ✓ Analyze the energy requirements for aquaculture systems, and evaluate the related carbon emissions
- ✓ List carbon emissions' mitigation measures for the activities involved in aquaculture systems